

Moisture in Asphalt Production

When a panel of industry quality control experts was asked what automated measurements would add value to asphalt production, "moisture content on belts / in bins" and "automatic gradation and moisture measurement from belt sampling" came in the top 3. Do these sound like familiar measurements that would also add value to your asphalt production?

The increasing cost of raw materials and energy has made asphalt producers look into their production process in much greater detail than in the past. Proven in-line technologies are now available that can provide a very real economic benefit and allow greater process control reducing costly on-site testing and off-line forms of control. The necessity for more exact process control is further reinforced by moves towards more plant/process certification. Instrumentation has become a major part in allowing asphalt producers to differentiate themselves from others through repeatable quality, reliability and efficiency. This differentiation and 'getting it right first time' can be the difference between winning a job and losing an important customer.



Increased quality control and assurance has also been reflected by developments in national standards. In France, the asphalt standards have recently been updated to require producers to measure moisture continuously for the production of Level 2 asphalt (NF P 98 728). In the USA, NCAT (National Centre for Asphalt Technology) carried out an investigation into improving HMA (Hot Mix Asphalt) production technologies and in their conclusions recommended the on-line belt-sampling of materials and moisture content compensation.

Sources of Variation in Moisture and Their Effects

Moisture contents can change in aggregates stored in cold feed bins, in the RAP (if used) and in the finished HMA or other "warm" asphalt. By measuring moisture in the incoming materials, the finished asphalt product can have its moisture controlled in a proactive real-time manner.

A change in moisture of the raw materials due to rainfall or dry weather will have a very large impact in the grading of the aggregates being loaded into the dryer and therefore on the quality of the asphalt produced. It also changes the energy consumption of the drier considerably and can result in under-yielding.

In practice, fine aggregates can hold considerably higher moisture than coarser gravels, and therefore it has been found that the greatest benefit in moisture measurement is usually achieved in aggregates with particle sizes lower than



10mm. Field trials have proved that by using Hydronix moisture sensors, measurement accuracies of \pm 0.2% are achieved and that these more than exceed the industry requirement.



Typical Moisture Ranges for Aggregates

Size	Moisture % Range
Fine Sand	0 to 16
Course Sand	0 to 12
8mm	0 to 10
10mm	0 to 4
12mm	0 to 3
20mm	0 to 2
RAP	0 to 7

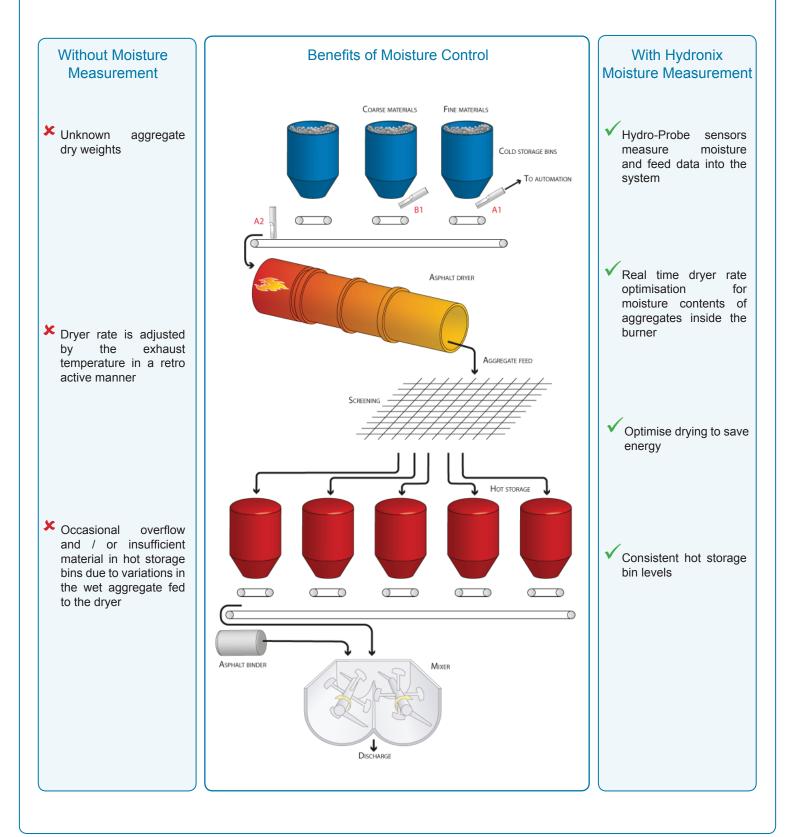
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Batch Plant Operations

Precise control may be achieved with a sensor measuring in the fine material which is the most susceptible to moisture variation (A1 below). Although not often required, more precise control may be achieved by measuring in the coarse materials (B1).

The most popular and simple method is to install a single sensor (at position "A2") measuring in the blended material. This is used to manually or automatically adjust the feed rate of the fine material to ensure that the hot bins are filled evenly. Other benefits include:

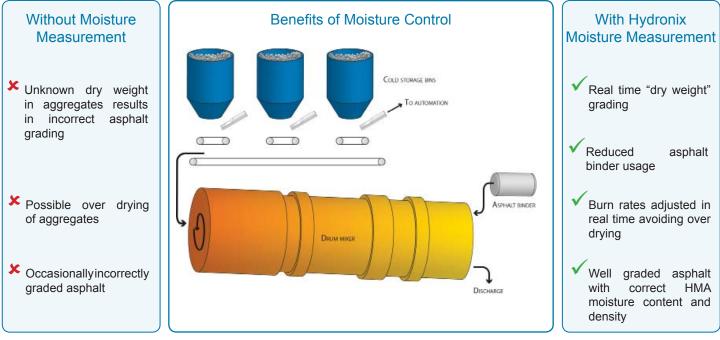
- Inconsistent feeding of aggregates from the cold bin can lead to some hot bins overfilling while others remain low on materials
- Moisture variations can lead the dryer to work inefficiently, over-drying already dry aggregate or outputting insufficiently dry material
- Moisture variations can lead to aggregates leaving the dryer and entering the hot storage bins at different temperatures. This can lead to variations in the hot storage bins that requires correctling.
- · Adjust the dryer rate taking into account the moisture content of the aggregates being fed, resulting in energy savings



Continuous (Drum) Plant Operations

In the production of asphalt by drum mixing, aggregate gradation is controlled at the cold feed and therefore ensuring the cold feed's accuracy is essential. Installing Hydronix Hydro-Probe moisture sensors at the belt weighers or at the base of the cold feed bins allows real-time feed adjustment ensuring that the correct dry weight of aggregates is loaded into the drum mixer, resulting in:

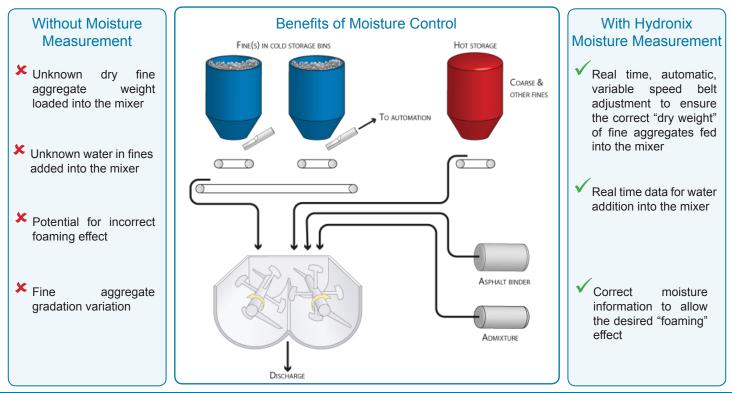
- Increased yield and reduced asphalt binder usage through correct aggregate gradation
- The burner rate can be adjusted to suit the moisture content of incoming materials, allowing efficiency monitoring
- Energy savings (see Return on Investment below)
- Control of final HMA moisture content
- Reduction in inadequate adhesion between asphalt binder and aggregates



Warm Asphalt Operations – Low Energy Asphalt and Foamed Asphalts

Warm asphalt production techniques require a higher degree of accuracy in aggregate gradation to ensure asphalt quality comparable with other HMA's. The role of water is essential to achieve the desired "foaming" effect when mixed with the bitumen, allowing the system to uniformly coat all the aggregates.

Hydronix equipment allows real-time and on-line moisture measurement of the aggregates before they are fed into the pugmill, mixer or drum. With a feed-forward automation system, producers can correct aggregate weights in real-time. For techniques that use the water in the aggregates themselves for the foaming effect, information about the quantity of water being fed into the mixer or pugmill can also be known.



Return on Investment

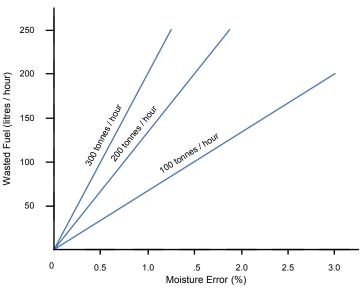
It has been found that an increase in 1% moisture in a tonne of aggregate can result in an additional 0.6 litres of fuel being consumed to evaporate it. At 6% moisture, 4 litres of fuel are required to dry 1 tonne of aggregate. Once dry, 3 litres of fuel are required to heat the aggregate to 150 degrees centigrade meaning that more energy is used in drying the aggregate than in heating it.

In practice the dryer or drum's exhaust temperatures are already measured and used for feeding back information into the burner control. However online moisture measurement allows real-time dryer/drum adjustments relating to the material *inside*, not the material already discharged. This reduces the process control time lag and ensures that the correct dry weights are being loaded into the dryer resulting in savings and quality improvement.

If a plant runs 300 tonnes of asphalt per hour at 6% moisture, it will be using 1,200 litres per hour of fuel to dry the aggregate before it is heated up to the correct temperature. If the moisture content then changed from 6% to 5% without the dryers being adjusted for one hour, that would equate to 180 litres of fuel being wasted in that one hour. Were this to be the case, Hydronix moisture measurement equipment would pay for itself in approximately 30 production hours. A reduced process control time lag continuously improves the efficiency of the plant. In most cases Hydronix moisture measurement systems will pay back within the first 3 to 6 months in operation.

Moisture measurement can also be used to evaluate the dryer's performance. Should the exhaust temperatures and incoming moistures not match (exhaust temperature increases with reducing moisture contents or vice-versa) there may be a requirement to tune the dryer.

There are other economic effects to moisture measurement. By knowing the correct moisture content in the aggregates, it is possible to maximise the efficiency of the drying process to reduce over drying and wasted production time, therefore increasing the yield of the plant. Customers using automated moisture measurement consistently report improved output rates.

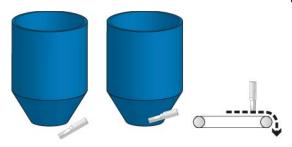


Potential Energy Savings due to Online Moisture Measurement

Installation and Commissioning of a Moisture Sensor

The wide range of digital moisture measurement sensors supplied by Hydronix can be used for installations in the base of the cold feed bins, on the feed belts, or alternatively on a loading "plate" as used by CETE (Centre D'Études Techniques de l'Équipement) in testing. It has been found in practice that the first two positions are generally the easiest installation locations.

Hydronix sensors take 25 readings per second, allowing them to measure changes in moisture immediately. Integration with the customer's control system is simple, via the use of standard analogue outputs. Full communication with the control system is also



available via digital comms (RS485/RS232) and the latest asphalt plants are now using Hydronix Ethernet Adapters for communication with sensors.

Calibration consists of finding the linear correlation between the sensor's "unscaled" reading (always 0 in air and 100 in water, allowing easy sensor swap-out if required) and the moisture content in a particular aggregate. This is done by simply running material past the sensor's face and taking a reading of the sensor's unscaled value. A sample of the material is taken and then oven dried to find its moisture content as per the applicable standard. Once the above procedure has been carried out for a few points over the moisture range of the aggregate, the sensor will accurately read moisture – online and in real time.

It Pays to Invest in Moisture Control

Moisture is clearly not the only issue the asphalt producer has to contend with to ensure he meets quality control requirements within tight economical constraints. However it is a simple improvement that brings **immediate**, **quantifiable returns**. Accurate moisture measurement and control is now well established and proven to **directly reduce costs** as well as **ensuring a consistent quality product improving competitiveness**.

Hydronix Limited are the world leaders in microwave moisture measurement, and have supplied over 60,000 units into aggregate related applications using their unique digital microwave measurement technique.

For more information on Hydronix products please us on +44 1483 468900 or send an email to enquiries@hydronix.com. Our website has details of our offices in the US and Europe if you would prefer to contact these directly.

Hydronix Limited, 7 Riverside Business Centre, Walnut Tree Close, Guildford, Surrey, GU1 4UG, UK Tel: +44 1483 468900 Fax: +44 1483 468919 Email:enquiries@hydronix.com